







# The importance of speaking the language of the (delinquent) juvenile Psychiatrist's working at the hospital for forensic child perspective on the IA

by Alexa Rutten



#### Speaking the language of the juvenile?

- Working with juveniles in general
- Juveniles suspected of having committed a crime
   Workers juvenile criminal justice system:
  - police
  - child protection council
  - probation/parole officer
  - prosecutor, judge
  - (forensic) psychologist/psychiatrist / therapist





#### Juvenile delinquency characteristics

- Low intelligence
- High % (unknown) psychiatric morbidity
- Family problems
- Low SES
- Education dropout
- Traumatized; domestic violence



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### Psychiatric/psychologic forensic assessment suspected juveniles

Only in a small % of all suspected juveniles

Low % of all juvenile suspects

Content of report:



Content of report:

- Diagnosis
- Risk assessment
- Advice for treatment

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#### Forensic treatment juveniles

- Brains4use
- TACT
- EMDR
- Cognitive behavioral therapy
- Psychopharmacology
- Schema therapy
- Family therapy
- Crime analysis



#### Juvenile delinquents: where do they stay?

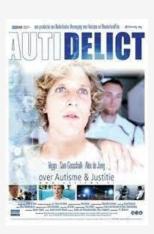


- Home
  - Juvenile justice institution
  - Advi (Closed) youth care
    - Juvenile forensic psychiatric hospital



#### Speaking the same language; a continuous process

- Education of police-officers, judges etc.
- Exchange of information
- Multicultural aspects
- Feedback of the juveniles themselves





#### \*Take home messages

Speaking the same language

#### Important in:

- assessment (to diagnose)
- judicial process
- treatment process
- aftercare
- Improves legal process, diagnostics and treatment



## ANY QUESTIONS? ©









## THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

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